DIOCESEAN CHILD PROTECTION POLICIES

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR CATECHISTS 4116.4

1. Ecclesial & Theological

- a) Catechists work collaboratively with the pastor, catechetical leaders, parents and other associates in ministry.
- b) Catechists faithfully represent and practice the teachings of the Catholic Church with integrity in word and action.
- c) Catechists are competent and receive educational/training commensurate with their role(s) and responsibilities. (231, Code of Canon Law).
- d) Catechists respect the diversity of spiritualities in the faith community and will not make their own personal form of spirituality normative.

2. Inclusion

- a) Catechists recognize the dignity of each person and refrain from behaviors or words that are disrespectful of anyone or any group.
- b) Catechists serve all people without regard to gender, creed, national origin, age, sexual orientation, marital status, socioeconomic status, or political beliefs.
- c) Catechists act to ensure all persons have access to the resources, services and opportunities they require with particular regard for persons with special needs or disabilities.

3. Accountability

- a) Catechists are accountable to the pastor, catechetical leader, or other duly appointed representative, under the authority of the diocesan bishop.
- b) Catechists are called to serve the faith community, carrying out their ministry "...conscientiously, zealously, and diligently" (231, Code of Canon Law).
- c) Catechists exercise responsible stewardship of resources while holding themselves to the highest standards of integrity regarding fiscal matters placed in their trust.

4. Confidentiality

- a) Catechists respect confidentiality, yet are not held to confidentiality in the same way as ordained ministers and licensed, certified counselors.
- b) Catechists are aware of their limitations with respect to paraprofessional counseling and make appropriate referrals.
- c) Catechists are aware of the signs of physical, sexual, and psychological abuse and neglect.
- d) Catechists adhere to civil and ecclesial law concerning the reporting of neglect, abuse or when physical harm could come to the person or to a third party.

5. Conduct

- 1. Catechists support the rights and roles of parents while ministering to the needs and concerns of children and adolescents.
- 2. Catechists are aware they have considerable personal power because of their ministerial position.

Therefore, they will sustain respectful ministerial relationships, avoiding manipulation and other abuses of power.

- 3. Physical, sexual, or romantic relationships between catechists and a child or adolescent are unethical and are prohibited.
- 4. Catechists model healthy and positive behaviors with children, adolescents and other adults.
- 5. Procuring, providing, or using alcohol and/or controlled substances for or with children or adolescents are unethical and are prohibited.

6. Parish

Catechists are aware of and comply with all applicable parish, organizational and/or diocesan policy with special attention to sexual misconduct, safety, transportation, parental permission, and medical emergency policies.

HARASSMENT POLICY FOR YOUTH 5140.5

- 1. Harassment can take many forms. Harassment can occur at any parish activity, and/or can take place in classrooms, halls, cafeterias, gymnasiums or even at programs sponsored by the parish at other locations. It does <u>not</u> include compliments of a socially acceptable nature. Harassment is verbal or physical conduct that embraces, denigrates, or shows hostility toward a person because of his/her race, color, religion, gender, sex, national origin, age, disability or other protected characteristics.
- 2. It is the policy of the Diocese of Columbus to maintain a spiritually enriching environment, in all programs and activities, free of all forms of harassment and intimidation. No participant, volunteer adult leader, or parish staff member male or female should be subject to unlawful harassment in any form, and specifically not to unsolicited and/or unwelcome sexual overtures or conduct, either verbal or physical.
- 3. Conduct which constitutes sexual harassment is prohibited. Sexual harassing conduct includes, but not limited to the following:
 - Offensive sexual flirtations, advances, propositions
 - Continued or repeated verbal abuse of sexual or gender-based nature
 - Explicit or degrading sexual or gender-based comments about another individual or his or her appearance
 - The display or circulation of sexually explicit or suggestive writing, pictures or objects
 - Any offensive or physical conduct which shows hostility or aversion toward an individual because of gender or sex
 - Graffiti of a sexual nature
 - Fondling oneself sexually or talking about one's sexual activity in front of others
 - Spreading rumors about or categorizing others as to sexual activity

Sex harassment is not limited to conduct that is sexual in nature; it also includes harassment that is based on **gender.** Gender-based harassment, which is also prohibited, is conduct that would not occur except for the sex of the person involved. An example would be referring to a woman by or as a female body part, or a demeaning sex-based term, or treating people differently because of their gender. The same prohibitions apply with regard to inflammatory, offensive comments, or conduct which is based upon race, color, age, religion, disability, or national origin. In short, working relationships between employees and volunteers must be based on mutual respect.

Sexual harassment also includes the taking of, or refusal to take, any personnel or other action on the basis of a person's submission to or refusal of sexual overtures. No person should so much as imply that an individual's "cooperation" or submission to unwelcome sexual activity will have any effect on the

individual's employment, assignment, compensation, advancement, development, program evaluation, participation in parish programs or activities, or any other condition of employment or achievement.

Not all physical conduct is necessarily considered sexual in nature. For example, a catechetical leader hugging a child after an accomplishment, a catechist consoling an adolescent with an injury, or physical conduct during an activity to enhance catechetical learning like engaging in movement to accompany liturgical music would not be considered sexual conduct. However, peer-based sexual harassment is a form of prohibited conduct where the harassing conduct creates a hostile environment.

- 4. A sexually hostile environment can be created by a parish employee, volunteer, participant, or visitor to the parish activity.
- 5. Any person who believes that he/she is subject to unlawful harassment or intimidation must contact the
- (a) program administrator, (b) pastor, or (c) diocesan director of religious education. A complaint must be filed in writing. In the event that an individual alleges harassment by a program administrator or pastor, the individual may file the complaint with the diocesan director of religious education. All complaints will be promptly investigated, and the person initiating the complaint will be advised of the outcome of the investigation.
- 6. Where it is determined that harassment has occurred, the appropriate authority will take immediate disciplinary against any program administrator, volunteer, or staff engaging in harassment. The response will take into account the individuals and circumstances. Such action may include, depending on the circumstances, disciplinary measures up to and including termination of services.
- 7. No retaliation against anyone who reports harassment will be tolerated. The Diocese prohibits such retaliation and will take appropriate responsive action if retaliation occurs.

PARISH RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. Periodically each parish shall give staff and volunteers a copy of the Harassment Policy. It is recommended that the Harassment Policy Verification Form be signed and returned.
- 2. Each parish program shall follow diocesan procedures for timely investigation and response to complaints.
- 3. Each parish shall periodically train program administrators, staff and volunteers to ensure that they understand which types of behavior constitute harassment, the prevention of harassment, and how they should respond in the event of experiencing such behavior. Records are being kept of training dates and names of those in attendance.
- 4. Each parish program shall include the Harassment Policy in materials distributed to the program's staff/volunteers.

PROTECTING GOD'S CHILDREN

It is the goal of the Diocese of Columbus to make the Church a place of safety: A place of prayer, ministry, and comfort. Everyone who enters our churches, schools, or facilities must be confident in this. Not one child or young person should suffer from abuse while at Church. In order to assure the safety of our children and young people, the Diocese of Columbus has enacted a complete program of protection. As part of this program, the Diocese of Columbus will provide appropriate, just, and pastoral care for anyone who has suffered the crime of sexual abuse of a minor at the hands of diocesan clergy or church employees or volunteers. The Diocese of Columbus will report any and all allegations of abuse reported to it to the authorities and will cooperate fully with those authorities.

Help is available: The Diocese of Columbus wants to hear from anyone who has suffered. If you wish to report an allegation of abuse or need pastoral and/or clinical care in order to begin or continue the process of healing from sexual abuse as a child at the hands of a member of the clergy or a church employee or volunteer, simply call the diocesan Victims' Assistance Coordinator. You can contact the Victims' Assistance Coordinator, the <u>Rev. Msgr. Stephan J. Moloney</u>, at 614-224-2251. If you wish to receive a <u>Complaint Form For Allegations Of Sexual Abuse Of A Minor</u>, or any of the diocesan policies and procedures, simply call the number above or visit the diocesan web site at <u>www.colsdioc.org</u>.

POLICY REGARDING CIVILIAN CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS AND CHILD PROTECTION TRAINING FOR EMPLOYEES AND VOLUNTEERS IN THE DIOCESE OF COLUMBUS 4110.0

Clergy, Employees, and Applicants to Clerical Formation

All clergy serving in the Diocese of Columbus; all parish, school, and diocesan employees; and all applicants to formation for the priesthood or permanent diaconate, regardless of their level of contact with children and youth, are required to complete a civilian criminal background check and participate in a *Protecting God's Children* training session. This policy is applicable to lay employees, professed religious, clergy, and clergy candidates.

Catholic School Volunteers and Volunteers in Parish Programs/Ministries for Children and Youth Every volunteer in a program or ministry for children and youth, regardless of their level of contact with children and youth, is required to complete a civilian criminal background check and participate in a *Protecting God's Children* training session. Duration of service does not mitigate compliance with this policy.

Examples: Catholic School volunteers, Parish School of Religion (P.S.R.) volunteers, youth ministry volunteers, field-trip chaperones and drivers, Scout leaders, coaches and other recreation volunteers, Vacation Bible School volunteers, Children's Liturgy of the Word volunteers, preschool volunteers, nursery volunteers

Volunteers Working with Children and Youth in Other Parish Programs/Ministries

Volunteers for other parish programs or ministries who have been delegated care, custody, or control of children and youth are required to complete a criminal background check and participate in a *Protecting God's Children* training session. Duration of service does not mitigate compliance with this policy.

Examples: Parish festival volunteers staffing activities for children/youth, volunteer choir director (if choir includes children and/or youth), service coordinators (if service programs include children or vouth)

Other Parish Volunteers and Adults

Although they are not required to do so by diocesan policy, the Diocese of Columbus strongly encourages all other parish volunteers to complete civilian criminal background checks and attend *Protecting God's* Children training sessions. All parents and other interested adults are encouraged to attend a *Protecting* God's Children training session. The safety of children and young people is best assured when all adults have been trained and understand how to build a safe environment for children.

Examples: Lectors, ushers, festival workers, choir members, and so forth.

Civilian Criminal Background Checks for New Clergy, Employees, Volunteers, and Applicants to **Clerical Formation**

Civilian criminal background checks are completed through the Ohio Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation (BCII) and must be completed by the first day of one's incardination (for a priest or deacon arriving to serve in this diocese from another diocese), employment, or service to the parish or school. Anyone formally applying to be a candidate for the priesthood or permanent diaconate must have a completed criminal background check completed through the Ohio Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation (BCII) prior to acceptance into formal formation. Anyone who has not been a legal resident of Ohio for the past consecutive 5-years is required to complete a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) civilian criminal background check. An FBI civilian criminal background check must at least be in process by the first day of one's employment or service to the parish or school.

Copies or transfers of completed civilian criminal background checks are only accepted from one parish or school in the Diocese of Columbus to another parish or school in the Diocese of Columbus. Copies of completed civilian background checks from individuals or other institutions are not acceptable.

A new background check must be conducted if a cleric, employee, volunteer, or clerical candidate has a significant (more than 1½ years) gap in their employment, service, or formation in the diocese.

Parishes and schools should exercise prudence when reviewing any offenses that are identified by a civilian criminal background check. Offenses that would prevent someone from serving in programs and ministries with children or youth include, but are not limited to:

Abduction

Aggravated assault Aggravated burglary

Aggravated menacing

Aggravated murder; specific intent to cause

death

Aggravated robbery

Assault Burglary

Carrying concealed weapons

Child enticement Child stealing Compelling prostitution

Contributing to the unruliness or delinquency

of a child

Corrupting another with drugs

Corruption of a minor

Disseminating matter harmful to juveniles

Domestic violence Endangering children

Failing to provide for functionally impaired

Felonious assault

Felonious sexual penetration Funding of drug or marijuana

trafficking

Gross sexual imposition Having a weapon while under a

disability

Illegal administration or distribution of

anabolic steroids

Illegal manufacture of drugs or cultivation of marijuana Illegal use of a minor in nudity oriented material or performance Impositioning (now importuning) Improperly discharging a weapon at or

near a school or dwelling Interference with custody Involuntary manslaughter

Kidnapping Murder

Pandering obscenity

Pandering obscenity involving a minor Pandering sexually oriented matter involving

Patient abuse, neglect

Placing harmful objects in food or confection Possession of drugs (that is not a minor drug

possession offense)

Procuring

Promoting prostitution (children) Prostitution: after positive HIV test

Public indecency

Rape Robbery Sexual battery Sexual imposition Trafficking in drugs Unlawful abortion

Voluntary manslaughter

Voyeurism

Child Protection Training for Clergy, Employees, Volunteers, and Clergy Applicants

Although it is preferable for new clergy, employees, volunteers, and clergy applicants to have attended a *Protecting God's Children* training session prior to working with children and youth, they have a grace period of up to six-weeks from their start date to attend a *Protecting God's Children* training session. If this grace period is needed, supervisors are to verify that the new employee or volunteer is pre-registered for a scheduled *Protecting God's Children* session by the first day of their work with children or youth. Special care must be taken to ensure that short-term volunteers receive this training in a timely manner that will properly prepare them for their service.

The *Protecting God's Children* program includes not only information on the scope of child sexual abuse, but also contains a plan for its prevention at parishes and schools. Individuals that have attended child sexual abuse awareness programs from other institutions are still required to attend a *Protecting God's Children* training session unless he or she can provide documentation that the previously attended program covered the same subject material and the Chancery Office grants approval.

Persons that have participated in a *Protecting God's Children* program in another diocese can request that their former diocese transfer their training record to the Diocese of Columbus.

If an employee or volunteer moves from a parish or school in the Diocese of Columbus to another parish or school in the Diocese of Columbus, the new parish or school should notify the diocese to request that the training record of the employee or volunteer be transferred.

Due to the sensitive nature of the *Protecting God's Children* program, some victims of child sexual abuse may not feel comfortable attending a *Protecting God's Children* training session. Anyone in this particular situation may request to receive the materials needed for child protection training in an alternate way. These requests are made through the Office of Youth and Young Adult Ministry. All requests for alternate child protection training for victims of child sexual abuse are kept confidential.

Child Protection Continuing Education for Clergy and Other Personnel

In addition to attending a *Protecting God's Children* training session, some clergy, employees, and volunteers are also required to receive continuing education for child sexual abuse prevention. This continuing education is provided in monthly training bulletins generated by *Virtus*. Persons in the following positions, whether paid or volunteer, are required to participate in this continuing education process: priests, deacons, seminarians, diaconate students, principals, assistant principals, directors or coordinators of religious education, and directors/coordinators of youth ministry. These individuals are encouraged to disseminate this information among their staff and volunteers.

Other individuals interested in participating in the continuing education process should contact the Office of Youth and Young Adult Ministry.

Authority to Interpret This Policy

Interpreting of this policy in unique circumstances or its application in unclear situations shall be made by or at least receive the prior approval of the Vicar General or his delegate.

Secure Areas

A sign, "Secure Area," will be posted at the entrance of the following areas to designate spaces that are off limits to children unless permission has been given by the Coordinator of Religious Education, Mrs. Ruth Anne Wolansky, to use for an entire class project or presentation: Kulp Hall and the lower level of the Monsignor Anthony Borrelli Center. In addition, all walk-in closets, the surrounding wooded area, and church without the accompaniment of parents/teacher are off limits. Students are also requested to complete bathroom needs prior to religious education classes.

Volunteer Form

A volunteer form, as an application form for employees, is required to be on file in the Parish Religious Education for all religious education volunteers.

Parent Visitation

Parents have open access to classroom visitations and/or volunteer activities; however, for the safety of our children, this must first be verified prior to entrance into the classroom by the P.S.R. Coordinator, Ruth Anne Wolansky.